Summary Statistics for TA_LH02_130814: Micro-CT Data Acquired at LLNL, Specimen 1 of 3

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Executive Summary

	TA_LH02_130814						
Measu	red Density: 0.085 g/cm³	X-ray tube	X-ray tube voltages (source filter materials)				
Parameter		μ_L 100 kV(Al), Al-BHC					
	Mean Measured LAC (LMHU) ¹	1319	1306	888			
LAC	Standard Deviation/Mean	32%	28%	26%			
	Entropy	7.46	7.33	6.86			
$^LZ_{e\!f\!f}$	From the mean measured LACs		7.96				
$^{LW}Z_{eff}$	From the mean measured LACs		7.29				
μ_L/μ_H	Using Al-BHC		1.49				
μ_L/μ_H	Using H ₂ O-BHC	1.47					
QA	From Cu strip and References		See p.5				

Table 1. First-order statistics of the x-ray linear attenuation coefficient (LAC) in TA_LH02_130814, the estimated value of the effective atomic number, Z_{eff} , [1] and μ_L/μ_H . Z_{eff} is calculated from the ratio of μ_L/μ_H . Beam hardening compensation has been applied to μ_L using both aluminum (${}^LZ_{eff}$) and water (${}^{LW}Z_{eff}$) beam hardening parameters.

Using x-ray micro computed tomography (MicroCT), we have characterized the linear attenuation coefficients (LAC), μ , of a sample of a dry powder material, tartaric acid (TA). The specimen was prepared at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL), loaded into a 60mL low density polyethylene (LDPE) bottle. After completed packing, the specimen was scanned following the protocol for MicroCT measurements under Test Plan 79 [2].

This particular specimen, TA_LH02_130814, recorded the bulk packing density (mass of sample divided by volume of sample) shown above. Two additional preparations were made and analyzed [3-4]. We used the computer program IMGREC to reconstruct the CT images. The values of the key parameters used in the x-ray data capture and image reconstruction are given in this report. Additional experimental details may be found in the SOP [5] and a separate document [6]. To characterize the statistical distribution of LAC values in each CT image, we first isolated an ~80% region or segment of volume elements ("voxels") lying completely within the sample, away from the walls of the container. We then calculated the mean value, standard deviation and entropy for (a) the high and low energy image segments and for (b) their digital gradient images². The statistics of the initial image of LAC values are called "first order statistics;" those of the gradient image, "second order statistics." See Seetho [7] for details of the analysis used to obtain the numbers reported in this document.

¹ LMHU: "<u>L</u>LNL <u>modified Hounsfield units with respect to water." To obtain the LAC in LMHU for some material at any energy, we multiply by 1000 and divide by the LAC of water at an x-ray energy of 160 kV with aluminum and copper filters.

² A digital gradient image of a given image was obtained by taking the absolute value of the difference between the initial image and that same image offset by one voxel horizontally, parallel to the rows of the x-ray detector array.</u>

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Summary of TA_LH02_130814 X-ray Statistics

Report Date: December 11, 2013

Report Prepared by: Isaac Seetho LLNL Organization

Typed or Printed Name

Isaac Seetho LLNL Typed or Printed Name Organization

Material ID(s): TA LH02 130814

QA:

	Source Collim		Source Collimator Beam Hardening Sample Preparation		Sample Preparation	X-ray Measurement	Linear Att	ar Attenuation Coefficient (LAC)			
Bias	Fil	lters	Number of	Parameter Source	Date	Date	Statistic	1 st order	2 nd order		
(kV)	Material	Thickness	slits								
							Mean	1306	257		
100	Al	1.943 mm	2	H_2O	8/9/2013	8/14/2013	Std. Dev.	370	195		
							Entropy	7.33	6.52		
							Mean	1319	288		
100	Al	1.943 mm	2	Al	8/9/2013	8/14/2013	Std. Dev.	420	219		
							Entropy	7.46	6.64		
	. 1	1.042					Mean	888	160		
160	Al Cu	1.943 mm 1.905 mm	2	None	8/9/2013	8/14/2013	Std. Dev.	230	122		
	Cu	1.703 11111				Entropy	6.86	6.06			
$^{ m L}Z_{ m eff}$					Based	d on measured LA	AC (Al-BHC)	7.9	96		
$^{\mathrm{LW}}\mathbf{Z}_{\mathrm{eff}}$	Based on measured LAC (H ₂ O-BHC) 7.29						29				
μ_L/μ_H		Based on measured LAC (Al-BHC) 1.49						19			
μ_L/μ_H					Based o	on measured LAC	(H ₂ O-BHC)	1.4	17		

Table 2. Key statistics [8] for x-ray measurements of Linear Attenuation Coefficient (LAC). $^{L}Z_{eff}$ is determined from 100 kV (Al) to 160 kV (AlCu) LAC (μ_{L}/μ_{H}) as given in reference [1]. The statistics here are from the 2-slit image data (not the 1-slit open image data).

Comments :	

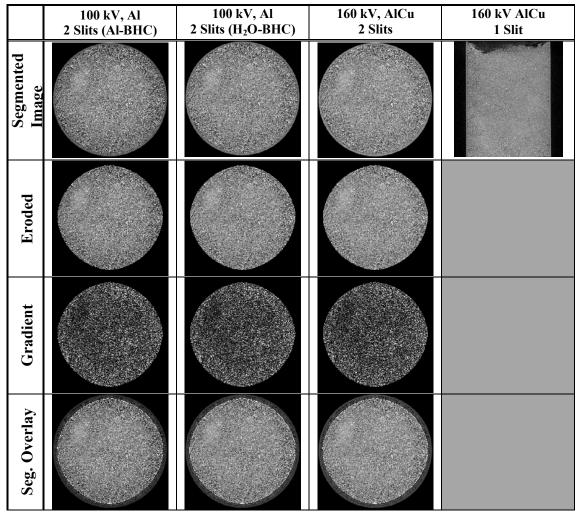


Figure 1. X-ray slice images with $150 \, \mu m \times 150 \, \mu m \times 150 \, \mu m$ voxels. Raw data (top row), segmented images (second row), eroded images (third row) used to calculate first order statistics. Fourth row, difference or gradient image used for second-order statistics. Images not to scale and use different gray scales to obtain maximum contrast. Single slit images (top right) are used for a qualitative visual assessment of homogeneity.

Comments/Observations on Appearance of Sample (texture, color, other):

The specimen displays a generally uniform granulated texture. There are pockets of material that appear to have higher density than other areas.

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SUPPLEMENTAL ANALYSIS

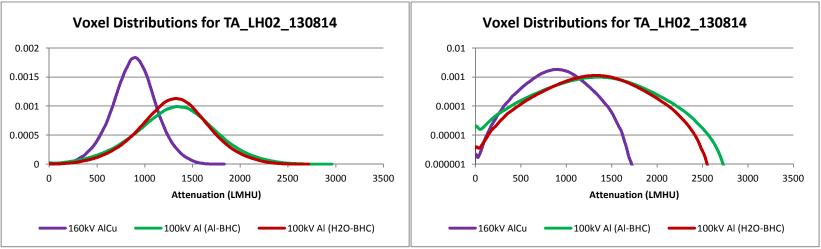


Figure 2. KDE histograms of values of the linear attenuation coefficient (LAC) for TA_LH02_130814 for two x-ray source settings (linear plots – left; semi-log plots – right).

Comments/Observations on Histograms: These histograms are made with a Gaussian Kernel Density Estimator (KDE) [8, 9] using 150-µm voxel upper-slit CT images.

Reference Specimens

	Parameter	graphite	ethanol	Delrin*	water	Teflon**	aluminum***
100kV, Al	Mean (LMHU)	1733	1033	1804	1405	3038	6989
(Al-BHC)	Std Dev LMHU)	82	58	80	54	89	133
100kV, Al	Mean (LMHU)	1847	1119	1935	1502	3167	6712
(H2O-BHC)	Std Dev LMHU)	77	59	74	54	65	228
160hW A1C++	Mean (LMHU)	1396	807	1341	1000	1924	2957
160kV, AlCu	Std Dev LMHU)	62	47	57	47	60	74

Table 3. Linear attenuation coefficients of six reference materials as measured simultaneously with TA LH02 130814.

^{*}Acetron® GP copolymer. **Enflo Corp. PTFE. ***T6061 alloy.

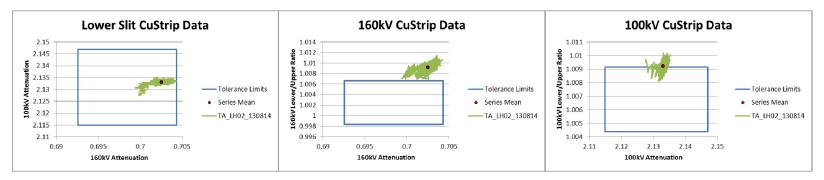


Figure 3. Copper strip ratio values for both 160kV and 100kV are above limits. These tolerance limits were defined using a set of scans spanning from April through May 2013.

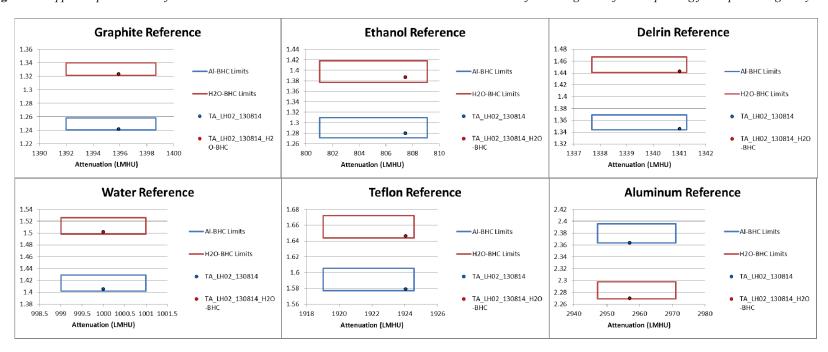


Figure 4. Reference materials are within the defined tolerance limits. These tolerance limits were defined using a set of scans spanning from April through May 2013.

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Micro-CT System Configuration

1.	Scan Location Site:	LLNL HEAF
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- 2. Source: Yxlon D09 450 kV Tube; Mfr. Catalog Number: 9421-172-33503; S/N 21-5204
- 3. Detector: Thales Flashscan 33 with Lanex Fine Gadolinium Oxysulfate Scintillator Screen; s/n 91106194
- 4. Rotation control system. <u>Controller: Newport Model ESP7000 SN: 1250</u>
- 5. Carousel: <u>LLNL 2-tray</u>, 6" Dia.
- 6. Data capture computer: <u>Dell DHM/J4271</u>

Micro-CT Scan Parameters

1.	Scan Geometry: SOD (mm): 1131	<u>.0</u> ODD (mm): <u>298.7</u>	
	Number of positions: 400	Angular Range: 200°	Angular Increment: 0.5°

2. Number of Frames averaged per Image: 4

3. Integration time per frame: See p 7.

¹ Distances are those recorded in the .sct file for this experiment and are the values used in image reconstruction.

File Storage Locations for X-ray Data Specimen

Root Data Path:

 $\label{lem:working} Working\ TP79_IMXXXXXX_Microstructure_Studies_V1\ LLNL\ None\ TA_LH02_130814\ Test_Data\ \{sub_directory\}\ A_LH02_130814\ A_LH02_130814$

Specimen ID	Date	Radiographer	Slits	kV	mA	Al Filter (mm)	Cu Filter (mm)	Integration dpix Setting [time/frame (s)]	{sub directory}	File Name
	130814	Morales	2	100	1.1	1.943	0	8 [2.8s]	TA_LH02_130814_100Al	TA_LH02_100Al_nn.sdt ¹
TA_LH02_	130814	Morales	2	160	4.35	1.943	1.905	8 [2.8s]	TA_LH02_130814_160AlCu	TA_LH02_160AlCu_nn.sdt
130814	130814	Morales	1	160	4.35	1.943	1.905	8 [2.8s]	TA_LH02_130814_ 160AlCu1slit	TA_LH02_160AlCu1slit_ nn.sdt

Dark current, mid-range, bright field and I_o Root Data Path:

 $\label{thm:linear_to_thm} $$ \Working\TP79_IMXXXXXX_Microstructure_Studies_V1\LLNL\None\HEAFCAT\None\TA_LH02_130814\Test_Data\{sub directory}\. $$$

Slits	kV	Filter	{sub directory}	Dark Image File Name	Mid-Brightness Image File Name	Max Brightness Image File Name	<i>Io</i> Image File Name
2	100	Al	TA_LH02_130814_100Al	TA_LH02_100AldrkR.sdt	TA_LH02_100AlmidR.sdt	TA_LH02_100AllitR.sdt	TA_LH02_100Albak.sdt
2	160	AlCu	TA_LH02_130814_160AlCu	TA_LH02_160AlCudrkR.sdt	TA_LH02_160AlCumidR.sdt	TA_LH02_160AlCulitR.sdt	TA_LH02_160AlCubak.sdt
1	160	AlCu	TA_LH02_130814_ 160AlCu1slit	TA_LH02_ 160AlCu1slitdrkR.sdt	TA_LH02_ 160AlCu1slitmidR.sdt	TA_LH02_ 160AlCu1slitlitR.sdt	TA_LH02_ 160AlCu1slitbak.sdt

¹ nn - is the CT angular index number (0 through 399) for each individual data file

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Reconstruction

Reconstructed by: Kenneth E. Morales

Date: 8/14/2013

Location: LLNL

Computer: Dell Precision 690

Reconstruction Software
Software: IMGREC
Version: 2.8.1.1c11

Beam hardening compensation: Only for 100 kV Al filtered data using Al and H₂O reference materials for compensation.

Script Files

LLNL_script_TA_LH02_100Al.txt LLNL script TA_LH02_160AlCu.txt

LLNL_script_TA_LH02_160AlCu1slit_tw_WDB.txt LLNL script H2OBHC TA LH02 100Al.txt

Reconstructed Specimen Files

Root Data Path:

Slits	kV	Filter	{sub directory}	Reconstruction file name
2	100	Al	TA_LH02_130814_100A1	recobj_ <i>nn</i> ¹.sdt
2	100	Al	H2O_Recon\TA_LH02_130814_100A1	recobj_nn.sdt
2	160	AlCu	TA_LH02_130814_160AlCu	recobj_nn.sdt
1	160	AlCu	TA_LH02_130814_160AlCu1slit	recry_nn.sdt ,ry_nn.sdt

O1 /*			
Observations:			
Obscivations.			

¹ nn - is the index number for each reconstruction file, modified by an offset corresponding to the frame subsection extracted and analyzed.

Analysis

Analysis by: Isaac Seetho

Date: 8/14/2013

Location: <u>LLNL</u>

Computer: Dell Precision T7500

Analysis Software

Software: MATLAB
Version: R2010b

GUI Function/Script Files

micro_ct_gui_1_3.m¹ custrip_gui_split.m

Reference & Specimen Analysis Files

_	
Analysis File	TA_LH02_130814_characterization.xlsx

 $\label{thm:linear_to_the_thm} $$\operatorname{TP79_IMXXXXXX_Microstructure_Studies_V1\LLNL\None\HEAFCAT\None\TA_LH02_130814\Analyses\TA_LH02_130814_H2O-BHC_analysis_IMS_130814\$

Analysis File	TA LH02 130814 H2O-BHC characterization Corrected.xlsx
·	

Copper Strip Analysis Files

Root Data Path:

 $\label{thm:linear} $$\operatorname{TP79_IMXXXXXX_Microstructure_Studies_V1\LLNL\None\HEAFCAT\None\TA_LH02_130814\Analyses\TA_LH02_130814_custrip_IMS_130814\$

Aggregate Statistics	Stats_TA_LH02_130814_W80xH7.xls
Mean Value Time Series	Custrip_TA_LH02_130814_W80xH7.xls

¹ Analysis using the MicroCT GUI is done according to the steps outlined in reference [7].

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REFERENCES

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- 5. "Standard Operating Procedure Industrial Computed Tomography System Data Collection of Home-Made Explosives," U.S. Department of Homeland Security Science and Technology Directorate, DHS/STD/TSL-xx-xx, July 9, 2009.
- 6. Jerel A. Smith, Daniel J. Schneberk, Jeffrey S. Kallman, Harry E. Martz, Jr., David Hoey, *Documentation of the LLNL and Tyndall Micro-Computed-Tomography Systems*, Version 091216, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, LLNL-TR-421377, December 17, 2009.
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- 9. B. W. Silverman, *Density Estimation*, Chapman and Hall, 1986.